Cp physics Web Review ch 17 Electric Force

Multiple Choice

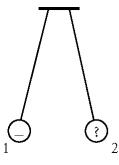
Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

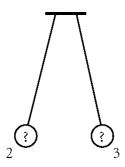
- 1. An attracting force occurs between two charged objects when the charges are of
 - unlike signs.

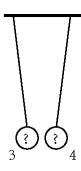
c. equal magnitude.

b. like signs.

- d. unequal magnitude.
- 2. When a glass rod is rubbed with silk and becomes positively charged,
 - electrons are removed from the rod.
- protons are added to the silk.
- protons are removed from the silk.
- the silk remains neutral.







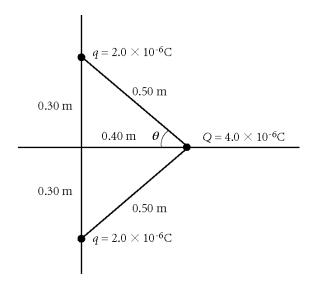
- 3. In the diagram shown above, the circles represent small balls that have electric charges. Ball 1 has a negative charge, and ball 2 is repelled by ball 1. Next, you see that ball 2 repels ball 3 and that ball 3 attracts ball 4. What is the electric charge on ball 4?
 - Ball 4 may have either a positive or negative charge.
 - Ball 4 has a negative charge.
 - Ball 4 has a positive charge.
 - It is not possible to determine the charge on ball 4.
- 4. If the charge is tripled for two identical charges maintained at a constant separation, the electric force between them will be changed by what factor?

- d. 18
- 5. Two point charges, initially 1 cm apart, are moved to a distance of 3 cm apart. By what factor do the resulting electric and gravitational forces between them change?
 - a.

3 b.

Problem

- 6. What is the electric force between a proton and an alpha particle (charge 2e) that are separated by a distance of 3.0×10^{-6} m? ($e = 1.60 \times 10^{-19}$ C, $k_C = 8.99 \times 10^9$ N•m²/C²)
- 7. An alpha particle (charge 2e) is sent at high speed toward a gold nucleus. The electric force acting on the alpha particle is 91.0 N when it is 2.00×10^{-14} m away from the gold nucleus. What is the charge on the gold nucleus, as a whole number multiple of e? ($e = 1.60 \times 10^{-19}$ C, $k_c = 8.99 \times 10^9$ N•m²/C²)
- 8. Charge A and charge B are 2.2 m apart. Charge A is 1.0 C, and charge B is 2.0 C. Charge C, which is 2.0 C, is located between them and is in electrostatic equilibrium. How far from charge A is charge C?



- 9. Two equal positive charges, both $q = 2.0 \times 10^{-6}$ C, interact with a third charge, $Q = 4.0 \times 10^{-6}$ C, as shown in the figure above. What is the magnitude of the electric force on Q? ($k_C = 8.99 \times 10^9$ N•m²/C²)
- 10. Two point charges are 4.0 cm apart and have values of 30.0 μ C and –30.0 μ C, respectively. What is the electric field at the midpoint between the two charges? ($k_C = 8.99 \times 10^9 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{C}^2$)

Cp physics Web Review ch 17 Electric Force Answer Section

MULTIPLE CHOICE

- 1. A
- 2. A
- 3. C
- 4. C
- 5. D

PROBLEM

6.
$$5.1 \times 10^{-17} \text{ N}$$

Given

$$q_p = +e = +1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$$

 $q_a = +2e = +3.20 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$

$$q_{\alpha} = +2e = +3.20 \times 10$$

$$r = 3.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}$$

$$k_C = 8.99 \times 10^9 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{C}^2$$

$$F_{electric} = k_C \frac{q_p q_\alpha}{r^2} = \left(8.99 \times 10^9 \text{ Nm}^2/\text{C}^2\right) \left(\frac{\left(+1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}\right) \left(+3.20 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}\right)}{\left(3.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}\right)^2}\right)$$

$$F_{electric} = 5.1 \times 10^{-17} \text{ N}$$

7. 79*e*

$$e = 1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$$

 $q_{\alpha} = 2e = 3.20 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$
 $F_{electric} = 91.0 \text{ N}$
 $r = 2.00 \times 10^{-14} \text{ m}$
 $k_{C} = 8.99 \times 10^{9} \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^{2}/\text{C}^{2}$

Solution

$$F_{electric} = k_C \frac{q_{\alpha} q_{Gold}}{r^2}$$

Rearrange to solve for $q_{\rm Gold}$.

$$q_{Gold} = \frac{\left(F_{electric}\right)r^2}{(k_C)q_\alpha} = \frac{(91.0 \text{ N})(2.00 \times 10^{-14} \text{ m})^2}{(8.99 \times 10^9 \text{ Nm}^2/\text{C}^2)(3.20 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C})} = 1.27 \times 10^{-17} \text{ C}$$

$$\frac{q_{Gold}}{q_e} = \frac{1.27 \times 10^{-17} \text{ C}}{1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}} = 79.4$$

The charge on the gold nucleus must be an integer multiple of e. Integer (79.4)e = 79e

8. 0.91 m

Given

$$r_{A,B} = 2.2 \text{ m}$$

 $r_{C,A} = d$
 $r_{C,B} = 2.2 \text{ m} - d$
 $q_A = 1.0 \text{ C}$
 $q_B = 2.0 \text{ C}$
 $q_C = 2.0 \text{ C}$
 $r_{C,A} = r_{C,B} = 0 \text{ N}$

$$F_{C,A} = F_{C,B}$$

$$k_{C} \left(\frac{q_{C}q_{A}}{(r_{C,A})^{2}}\right) = k_{C} \left(\frac{q_{C}q_{B}}{(r_{C,B})^{2}}\right)$$

$$\frac{q_{A}}{d^{2}} = \frac{q_{B}}{(2.2 \text{ m} - d)^{2}}$$

$$\left(d^{2}\right)(q_{B}) = (2.2 \text{ m} - d)^{2}(q_{A})$$

$$d\sqrt{q_{B}} = (2.2 \text{ m} - d)\sqrt{q_{A}}$$

$$d\left(\sqrt{q_{B}} + \sqrt{q_{A}}\right) = \sqrt{q_{A}}(2.2 \text{ m})$$

$$d = \frac{\sqrt{q_{A}}(2.2 \text{ m})}{\sqrt{q_{B}} + \sqrt{q_{A}}} = \frac{\sqrt{1.0 \text{ C}}(2.2 \text{ m})}{\sqrt{2.0 \text{ C}} + \sqrt{1.0 \text{ C}}} = 0.91 \text{ m}$$

$$d = 0.91 \text{ m}$$

9. 0.46 N

Given
$$q_1 = 2.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C}$$

$$q_2 = 2.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C}$$

$$Q = 4.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C}$$

$$r_{q_1,Q} = r_{q_2,Q} = 0.50 \text{ m}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}(0.30 \text{ m}/0.40 \text{ m}) = 37^{\circ}$$

$$k_C = 8.99 \times 10^9 \,\mathrm{Nm}^2/\mathrm{C}^2$$

$$\begin{split} F_{q_1,Q} &= F_{q_2,Q} = k_C \frac{qQ}{\left(r_{q,Q}\right)^2} = \left(8.99 \times 10^9 \, \mathrm{Nm^2/C^2}\right) \left(\frac{\left(2.0 \times 10^{-6} \, \mathrm{C}\right) \left(4.0 \times 10^{-6} \, \mathrm{C}\right)}{\left(0.50 \, \mathrm{m}\right)^2}\right) = 0.29 \, \mathrm{N} \\ &\text{For } F_{q_1,Q} : F_{x,q_1,Q} = (F_{q_1,Q}) (\cos 37^\circ) = (0.29 \, \mathrm{N}) (\cos 37^\circ) = 0.23 \, \mathrm{N} \\ F_{y,q_1,Q} &= (F_{q_1,Q}) (\sin 37^\circ) = (0.29 \, \mathrm{N}) (\sin 37^\circ) = 0.17 \, \mathrm{N} \\ &\text{For } F_{q_2,Q} : F_{x,q_1,Q} = (F_{q_2,Q}) (\cos 37^\circ) = (0.29 \, \mathrm{N}) (\cos 37^\circ) = 0.23 \, \mathrm{N} \end{split}$$

$$F_{q_2,Q} = -(F_{q_2,Q})(\sin 37^\circ) = -(0.29 \text{ N})(\sin 37^\circ) = -0.17 \text{ N}$$

$$F_{x,tot} = F_{x,q_1,Q} + F_{x,q_2,Q} = 0.23 \text{ N} + 0.23 \text{ N} = 0.46 \text{ N}$$

 $F_{y,tot} = F_{y,q_1,Q} + F_{y,q_2,Q} = 0.17 \text{ N} + (-0.17 \text{ N}) = 0 \text{ N}$

$$F_{Q,tot} = \sqrt{(F_{x,tot})^2 + (F_{y,tot})^2} = \sqrt{(0.46 \,\mathrm{N})^2 + 0} = 0.46 \,\mathrm{N}$$

$$F_{Q,tot} = 0.46 \,\mathrm{N}$$

10.
$$1.3 \times 10^9$$
 N/C

$$r_1 = r_2 = 2.0 \text{ cm} = 2.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$$

 $\theta_1 = 0^{\circ}$
 $\theta_2 = 180^{\circ}$
 $q_1 = 30 \text{ }\mu\text{C} = 3.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ C}$
 $q_2 = -30 \text{ }\mu\text{C} = -3.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ C}$
 $k_C = 8.99 \times 10^9 \text{ Nm}^2/\text{C}^2$

Solution
$$E_{I} = k_{C} \frac{q_{I}}{r_{I}^{2}} = \left(8.99 \times 10^{9} \text{ Nm}^{2}/\text{C}^{2}\right) \left(\frac{3.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ C}}{\left(2.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}\right)^{2}}\right) = 6.7 \times 10^{8} \text{ N/C}$$

$$E_{2} = k_{C} \frac{q_{2}}{r_{2}^{2}} = \left(8.99 \times 10^{9} \text{ Nm}^{2}/\text{C}^{2}\right) \left(\frac{-3.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ C}}{\left(2.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}\right)^{2}}\right) = -6.7 \times 10^{8} \text{ N/C}$$
For $E_{I} : E_{x,I} = (E_{I})(\cos 0^{\circ}) = (6.7 \times 10^{8} \text{ N/C})(\cos 0^{\circ}) = 6.7 \times 10^{8} \text{ N/C}$

$$E_{y,I} = 0 \text{ N/C}$$
For $E_{2} : E_{x,2} = (E_{2})(\cos 180^{\circ}) = (-6.7 \times 10^{8} \text{ N/C})(\cos 180^{\circ}) = 6.7 \times 10^{8} \text{ N/C}$

$$E_{y,2} = 0 \text{ N/C}$$

$$E_{x,tot} = E_{x,I} + E_{x,2} = 6.7 \times 10^{8} \text{ N/C} + 6.7 \times 10^{8} \text{ N/C} = 1.3 \times 10^{9} \text{ N/C}$$

$$E_{y,tot} = E_{y,I} + E_{y,2} = 0 \text{ N/C} + 0 \text{ N/C} = 0 \text{ N/C}$$

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{\left(E_{x,tot}\right)^{2} + \left(E_{y,tot}\right)^{2}} = \sqrt{\left(1.3 \times 10^{9} \text{ N/C}\right)^{2} + 0} = 1.3 \times 10^{9} \text{ N/C}$$

$$E_{tot} = 1.3 \times 10^{9} \text{ N/C}$$